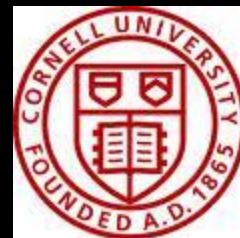


Analysis of CEsrTA Electron Cloud-Induced Tune Shifts with POSINST

Kiel Williams



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Accelerator-based Sciences
and Education (CLASSE)

Electron Clouds

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- Hard to measure directly; “guess,” simulate, and compare
- Look across range of different data sets

Tune Shift

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- Measure position with BPM’s; find tune with FFT
- Compare simulation to measurement

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Simulation Technique

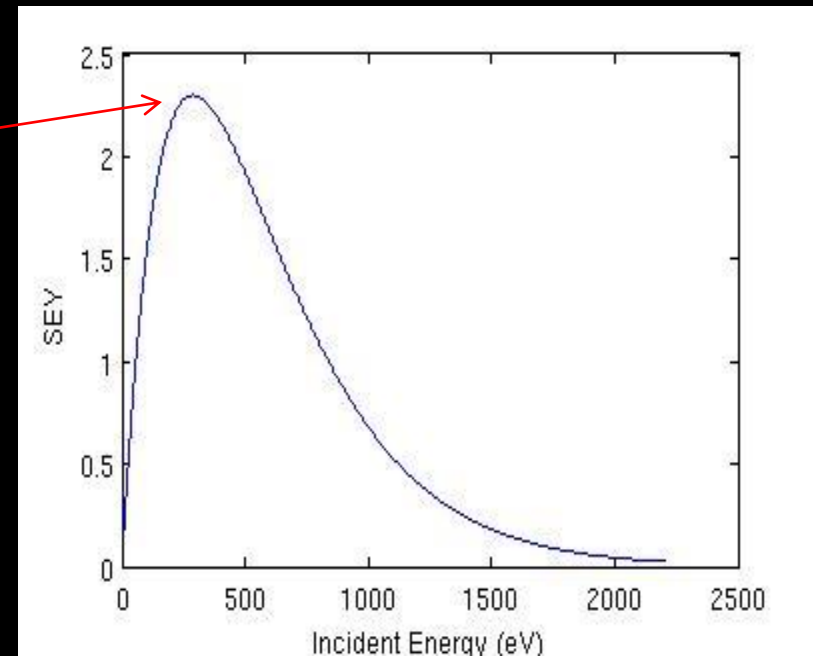
- POSINST takes user “guesses,” simulates electron cloud density
- Mathematica script finds tune shifts from density
- Observe results and iterate

Nominal Key Parameters

- # of freed electrons/photon
("primaries"):
 - ~ 1

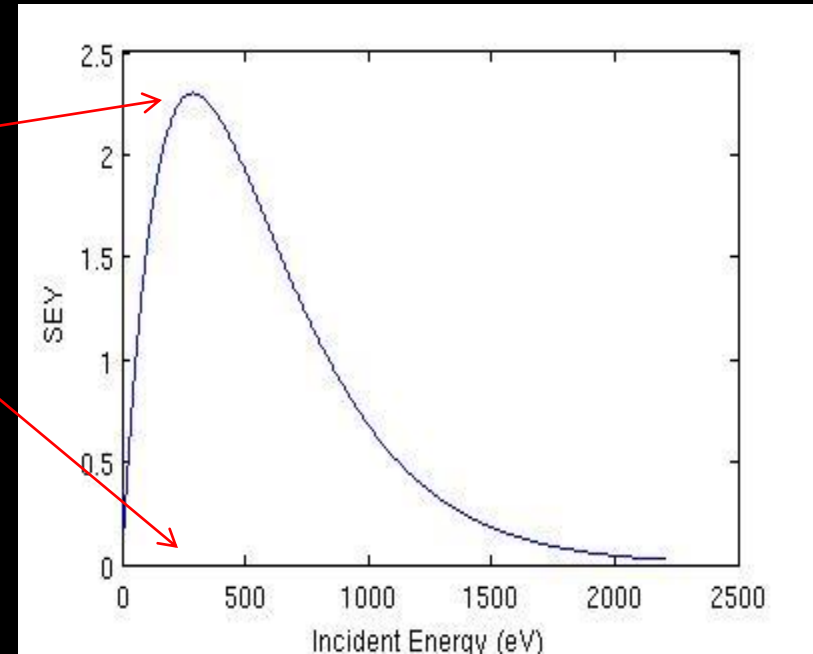
Nominal Key Parameters

- # of freed electrons/photon (“primaries”):
 - ~ 0.1
- # of freed electrons/electron (“secondaries”) at peak energy:
 - ~ 2.0



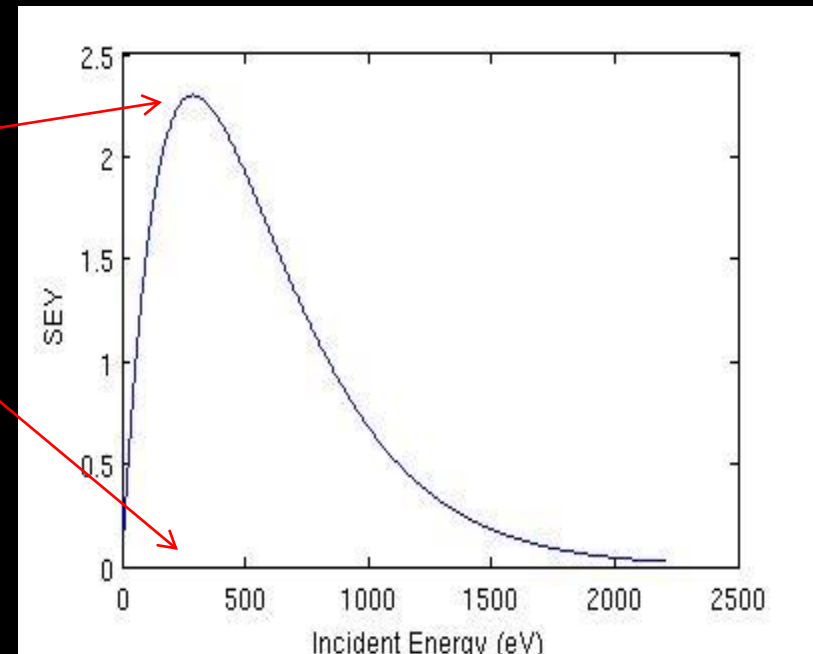
Nominal Key Parameters

- # of freed electrons/photon (“primaries”):
 - ~ 1
- # of freed electrons/electron (“secondaries”) at peak energy:
 - ~ 2.0
- Incident energy of peak secondary yield:
 - ~ 310 eV



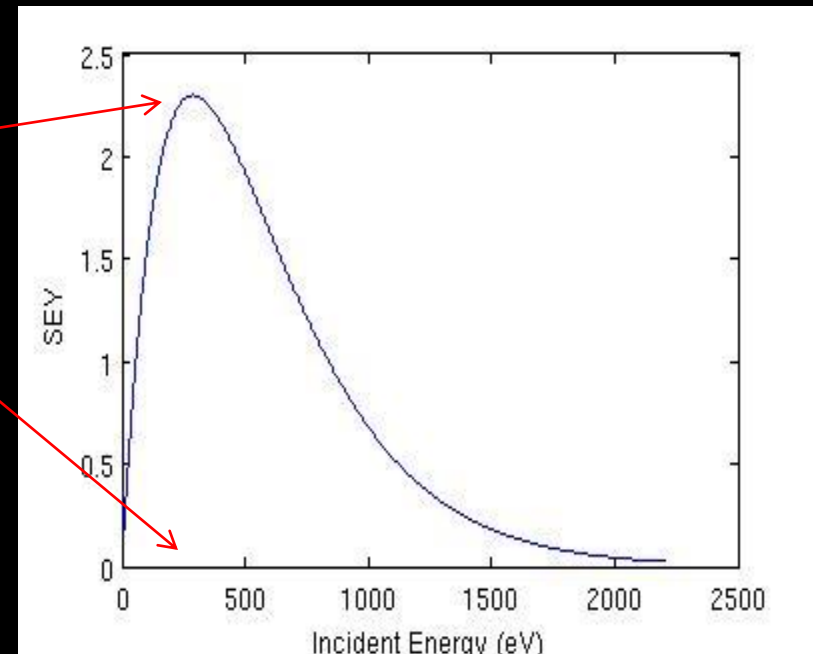
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 - ~ 2.0
- Incident energy of peak secondary yield:
 - ~ 310 eV
- % of electrons elastically scattered from wall:
 - $\sim 50\%$
- % of electrons go into wall and reemerge (“rediffused”):
 - $\sim 20\%$



Early Results

- Nominal values vs. my findings

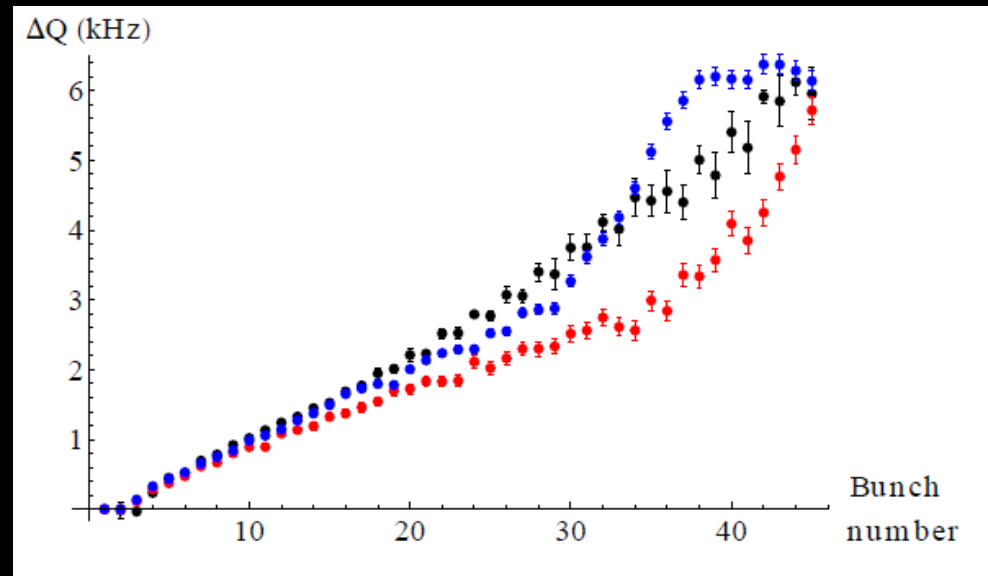
Early Results

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- 2.1 GeV, 45-bunch positron beam, .75 mA/bunch, 4ns

- Nominal values

- New Values



Early Results

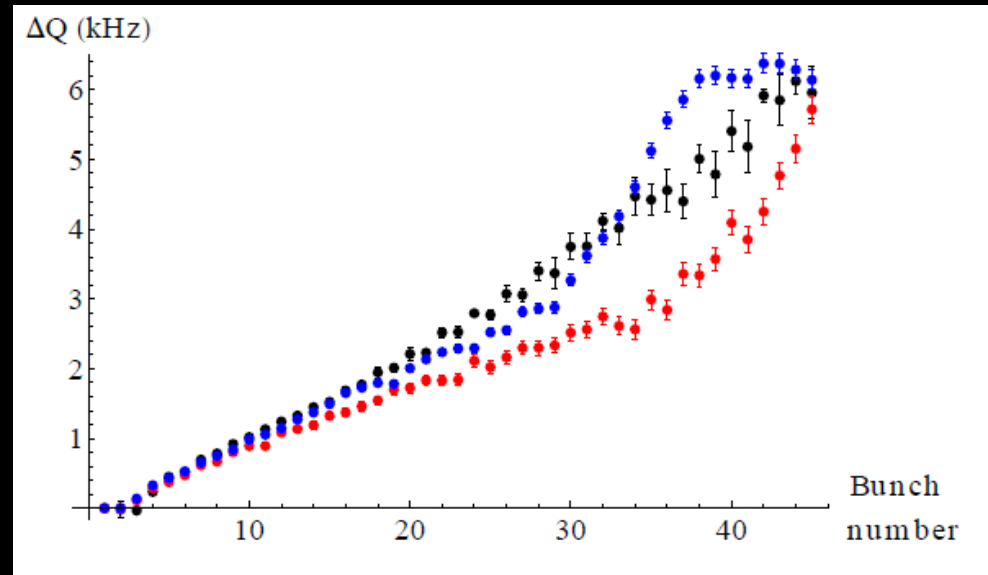
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- Peak SEY up from 2.0 to 2.2; peak energy down from 310 to 279 eV



Early Results

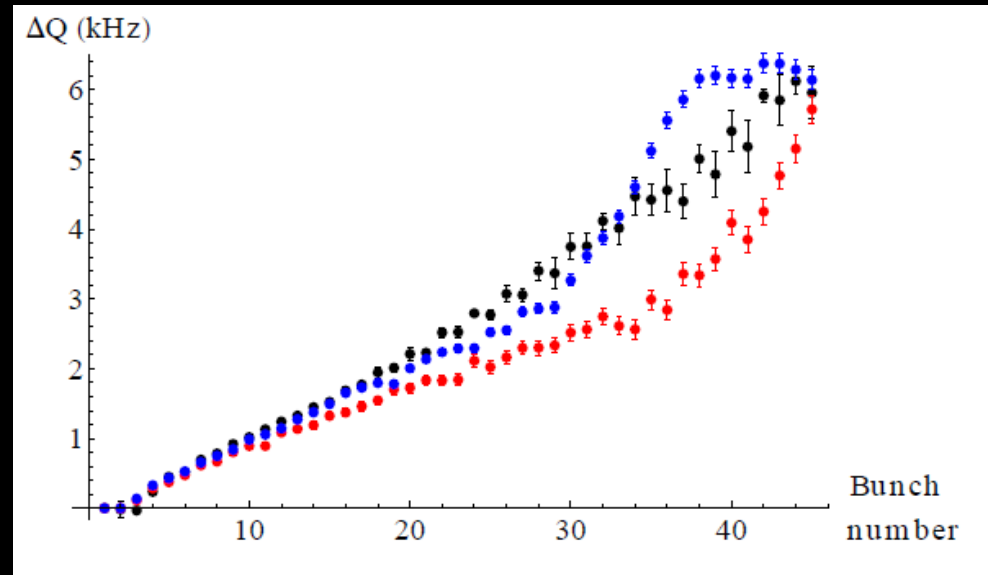
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- **Nominal values**

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- Note nonlinear effects

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Electron Results

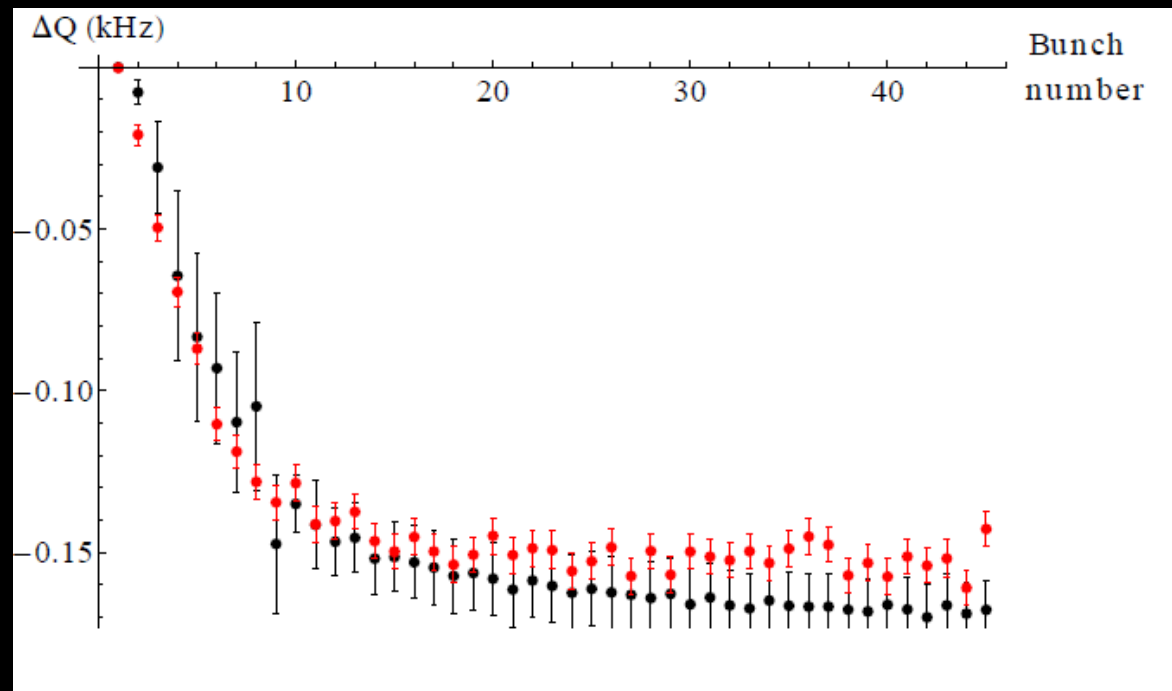
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• 5.3 GeV 45-bunch electron beam, 0.75 mA/bunch, 8 ns

• Simulation



Minima in 6-D Space

- 6-D parameter space is *big*

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- 6-D parameter space is *big*
 - Parameters strongly correlated
- Some parameters matter more
- Variant of Newton's Method estimates how to best change parameters
- More efficient use of comp. time (and my time)

6-D Newton's Method

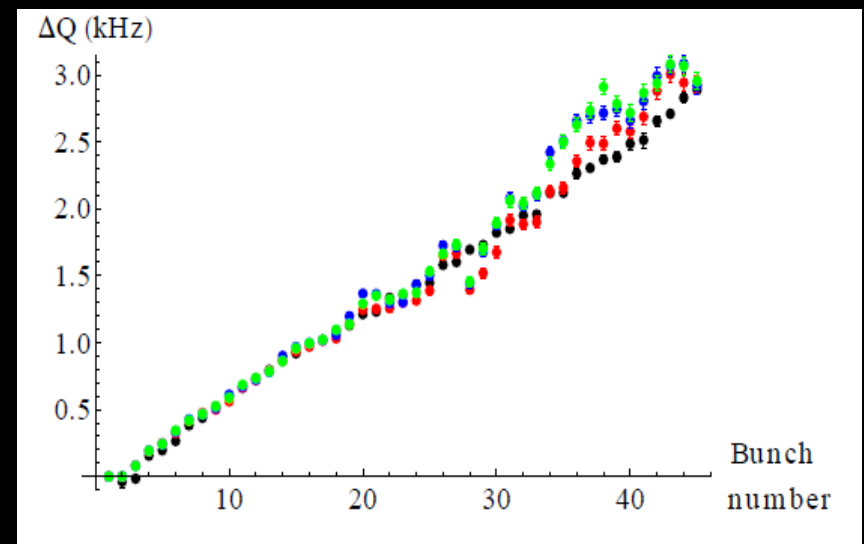
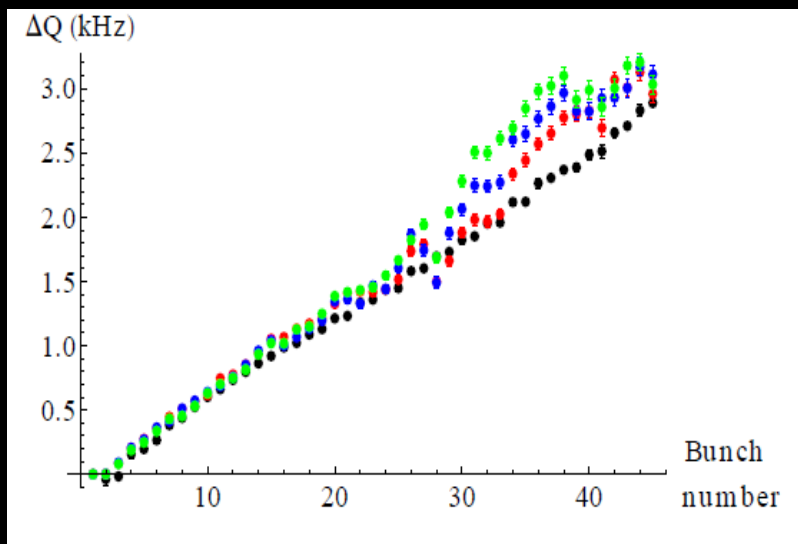
- Linear estimate of Jacobian

6-D Newton's Method

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6-D Newton's Method

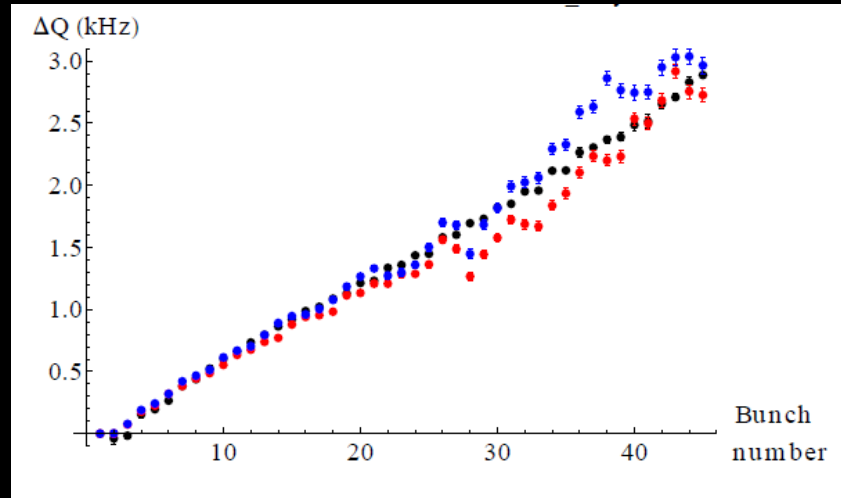
- Linear estimate of Jacobian
- Give some guessed parameters



- Each fit perturbs one thing; determines sensitivity of each parameter

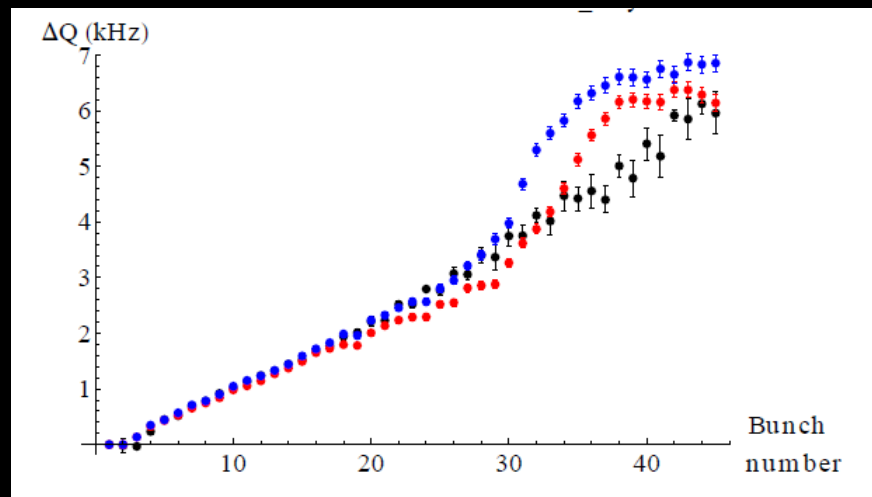
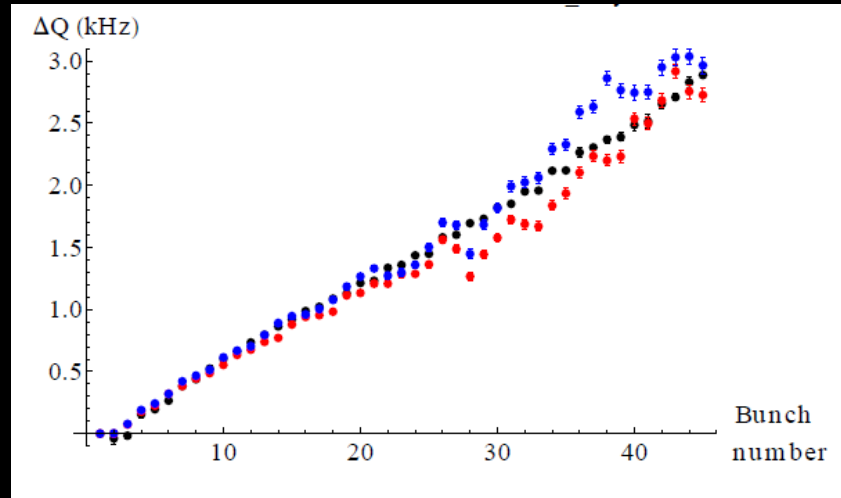
Newton's Method Results

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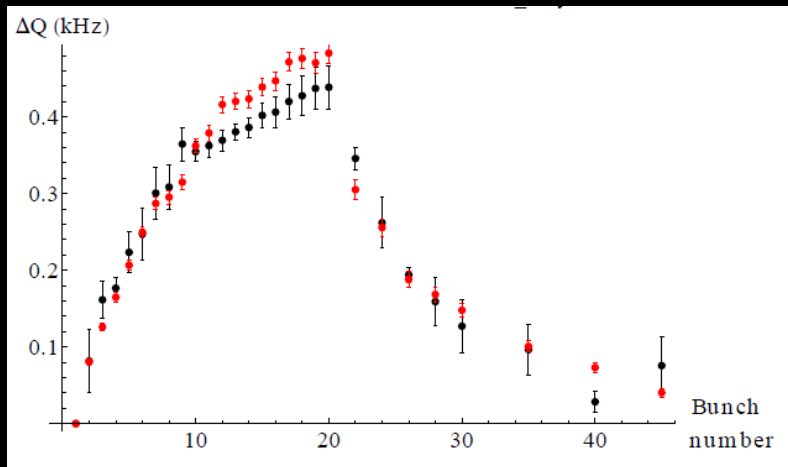


Witness Bunches

- Send bunches after main train to measure cloud decay

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- 4.0 GeV 20-bunch positron beam, 0.50 mA/bunch, 8 witnesses, 20 ns

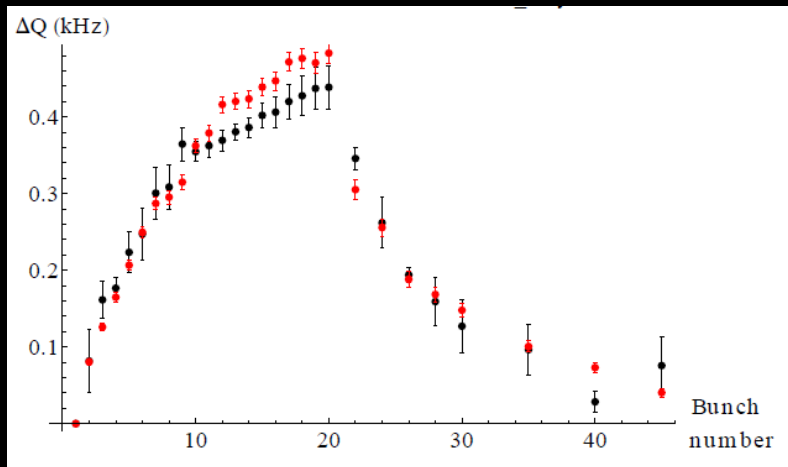


Simulation

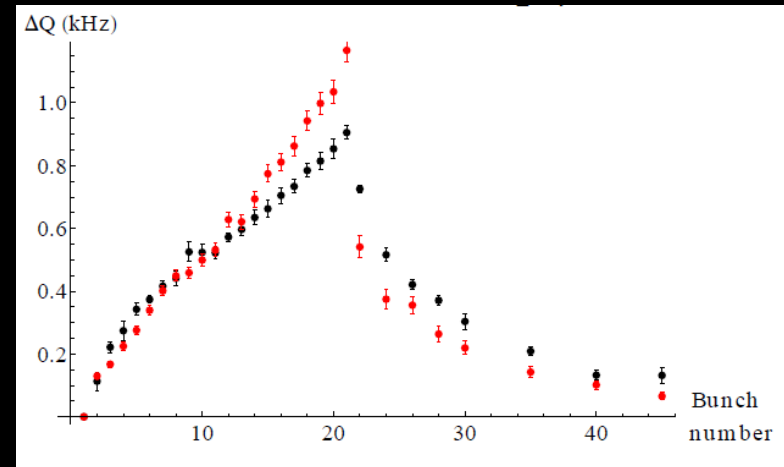
Data (black)

Witness Bunches

- Send bunches after main train to measure cloud decay
- 4.0 GeV 20-bunch positron beam, 0.50 mA/bunch, 8 witnesses, 20 ns
- 4.0 GeV 20-bunch positron beam, 1.00 mA/bunch, 8 witnesses, 20 ns



Simulation



Data (black)

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- SEY value higher compared to other methods;
2.3 vs. ~1.5

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Acknowledgements

- Many thanks to mentor David Kreinick
- Thanks to Joe Calvey for help with Newton technique
- Thanks to Gerry Dugan for Mathematica tune shift scripts
- Thanks to the National Science Foundation and Cornell CLASSE REU program for making this experience possible

Questions?

193360	0.50018	witness di	twilliam	qw	06/15/2012 16:4
193366	0.50018	witness di	twilliam	qw	06/15/2012 16:4
195553	0.50018	train drif	twilliam	qw	06/15/2012 18:1
195554	0.50018	train dipo	twilliam	qw	06/15/2012 18:1
195559	0.50018	train drif	twilliam	qw	06/15/2012 18:1
195560	0.50018	train dipo	twilliam	qw	06/15/2012 18:1
195565	0.50018	train drif	twilliam	qw	06/15/2012 18:1
195566	0.50018	train dipo	twilliam	qw	06/15/2012 18:1
195571	0.50018	train drif	twilliam	qw	06/15/2012 18:1
195572	0.50018	train dipo	twilliam	qw	06/15/2012 18:1
493321	0.00000	witness dr	twilliam	hqw	06/15/2012 16:40
493322	0.00000	witness di	twilliam	hqw	06/15/2012 16:40
493323	0.00000	witness dr	twilliam	hqw	06/15/2012 16:40
493325	0.00000	witness dr	twilliam	hqw	06/15/2012 16:40
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