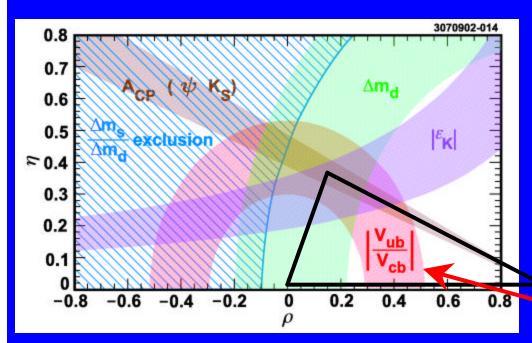
## Recent CLEO Results

Karl M. Ecklund
Cornell University
Beauty 2003
October 14, 2003



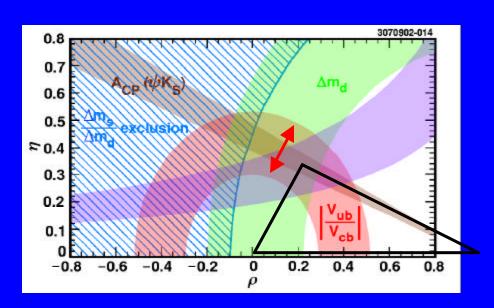
### **CLEO CKM Results**



**Unitarity Triangle** 

- Motivation
  - Physics of flavor
  - CPV from CKM?
  - Look for new physics
  - CLEO's contribution: -|V<sub>ub</sub>|, |V<sub>cb</sub>| from semileptonic B decays
    - Pioneering measurements
    - Still among the best!

## UT Constraint from |V<sub>ub</sub>|



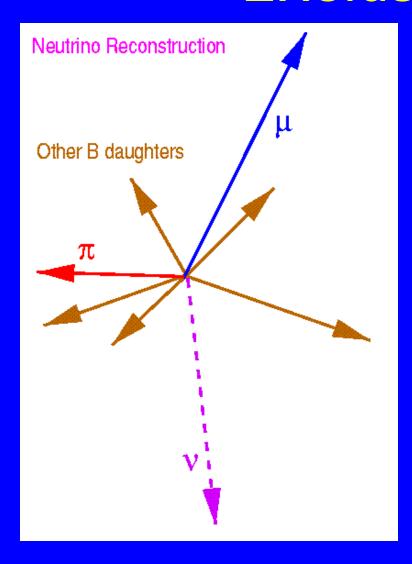
 $|V_{ub}|$  from B $\rightarrow \pi |V$ :

$$\frac{d\Gamma}{dq^2} = \frac{G_F^2}{24 p^3} |V_{ub}|^2 p_p^3 |f_+(q^2)|^2$$

Form factor  $f(q^2)$ :

- Encodes hadronic physics
- Not well known
- Limits |V<sub>ub</sub>| precision
- CLEO has measured B $\rightarrow \pi l \nu$ , plv before
- New measurement that is binned in q<sup>2</sup>, therefore sensitive to shape of f(q<sup>2</sup>)
- FF computed in quark models, LQCD and LCSR

### Exclusive $B \rightarrow \pi l \nu$

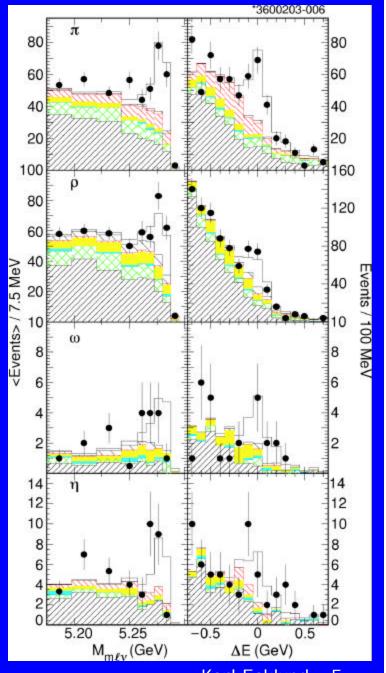


- Suppress b→c bkgd by reconstructing v
- Use hermeticity of detector to infer p<sub>v</sub>
- Clean events required
  - Remove spurious tracks
  - and hadronic showers
- (E,p) conservation → peaks in M<sub>B</sub> & ΔE
- Rate and form factor give |V<sub>ub</sub>|

## Exclusive |Vub|

- 7 B  $\rightarrow$   $X_u l v$  submodes considered  $(\pi, \rho, \omega, \eta)$
- 3 q<sup>2</sup> bins for  $\pi, \rho$
- Simultaneous ML Fit
  - Accounts for cross feed
  - Fit projections shown on right
- I sospin constraints
  - $\frac{1}{2}\Gamma(\pi^{-}l\nu) = \Gamma(\pi^{0}l\nu)$
  - ½Γ(ρ<sup>-</sup>lν)=Γ(ρ<sup>0</sup>lν)≈Γ(ωlν)

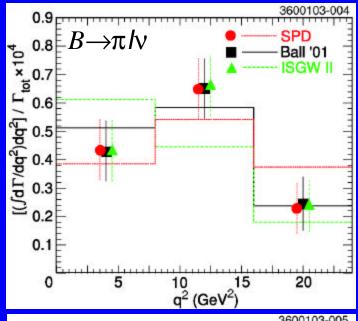
BF(B<sup>o</sup> $\rightarrow \pi^- l \nu$ )=(1.33±0.18±0.11±0.01±0.07)x 10<sup>-1</sup> BF(B<sup>o</sup> $\rightarrow \rho^- l \nu$ )=(2.17±0.34<sup>+0.47</sup> ±0.01±0.41)x 10<sup>-1</sup>

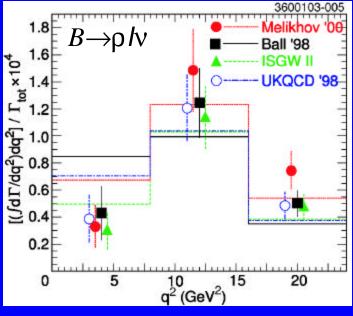


## Extracting |Vub|

$$\frac{d\Gamma(B^0 \to P^- \ell^+ \nu)}{dy \, d\cos\theta_{W\ell}} = |V_{ub}|^2 \frac{G_F^2 k_P^3 M_B^2}{32\pi^3} \sin^2\theta_{W\ell} |f_1(q^2)|^2$$

- Fit dΓ/dq²
  - Discriminates among FFs
- $B \rightarrow \pi l \nu$ 
  - FF dependence is small
  - Disfavors I SGW2
- B→ρlν
  - Larger FF
     dependence⇒greater
     model uncertainty in |V<sub>ub</sub>|

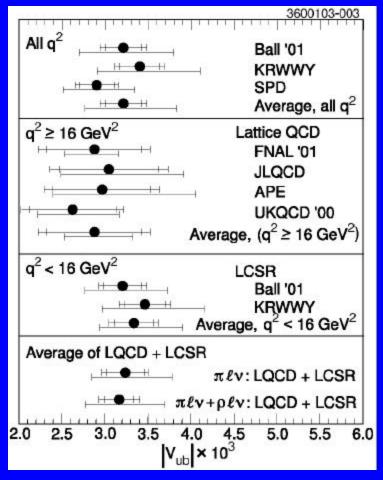


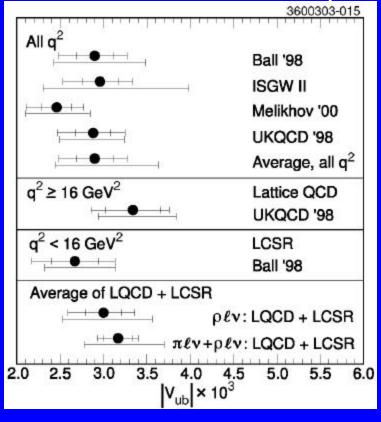


## Results

 $B \rightarrow \pi l \nu$ 

 $B \rightarrow \rho l \nu$ 

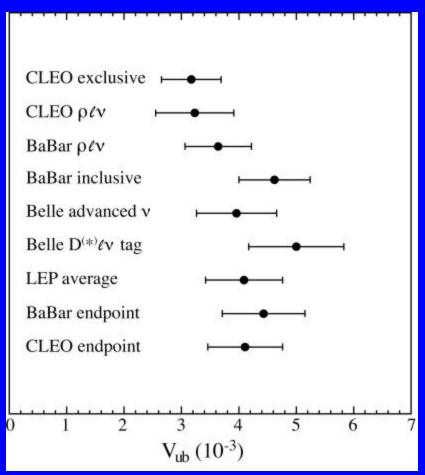




PRD 68, 072003 (2003)

 $|V_{ub}| = (3.17 \pm 0.17 \pm 0.17) \pm 0.03 \pm 0.03) \times 10^{-3}$ 

## World | V<sub>ub</sub> | Results



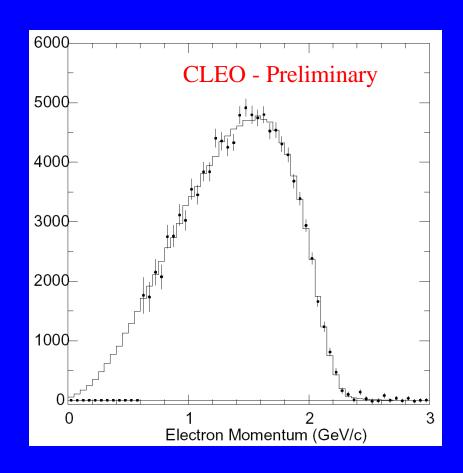
- All measurements are systematics limited
- CLEO pioneering new techniques and
- Using a very wellunderstood detector
- CLEO results still very competitive in B factory era

Ed Thorndike's Compilation @ FPCP \ 03

### B Semileptonic Branching Fraction

- CLEO II: 10 fb<sup>-1</sup> at Υ(4S)
  - Mature, well-understood detector, data, Monte Carlo, generators, etc.
- Lepton-Tagged Analysis
  - $p_{tag}$  1.4 GeV/c plus accompanying electron with  $p_e$  >0.6 GeV/c.
  - Charge, angular correlations to separate primary  $(B \rightarrow Xev)$  from secondary  $(B \rightarrow D \rightarrow Yev)$ .
- Refined electron ID, background and efficiency determinations.
  - Maximize understanding and minimize momentum dependence.

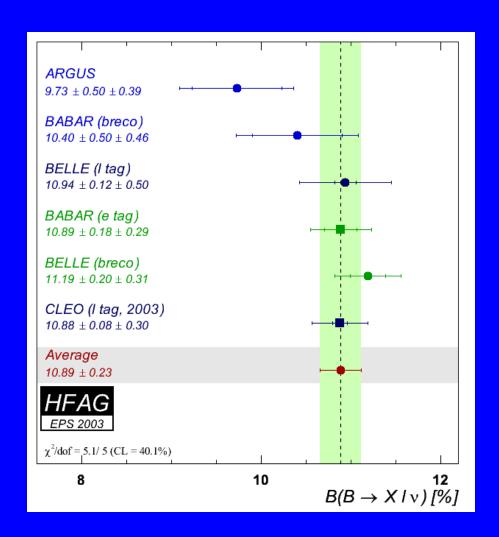
    B(B)



stat ± syst  $B(B \rightarrow XeV) = (10.88 \pm 0.08 \pm 0.33)\%$ 

### $B_{SL}$ – Status

- Good agreement among different techniques, experiments.
- Measurements at Y(4S) have come up and LEP Z<sup>0</sup> average has come down.
  - Most recent LEP fit result is (10.59±0.22)%



## Inclusive |V<sub>cb</sub>|

Heavy Quark Expansion: double series in 1/M,  $\alpha_s$ 

$$\Gamma_{sl} = \frac{G_F^2 |V_{cb}|^2 M_B^5}{192\pi^3} 0.3689 \left[ 1 - 1.54 \frac{\alpha_s}{\pi} - 1.43 \beta_0 \frac{\alpha_s^2}{\pi^2} - 1.648 \frac{\bar{\Lambda}}{M_B} (1 - 0.87 \frac{\alpha_s}{\pi}) - 0.946 \frac{\bar{\Lambda}^2}{M_B^2} - 3.185 \frac{\lambda_1}{M_B^2} + 0.02 \frac{\lambda_2}{M_B^2} - 0.298 \frac{\bar{\Lambda}^3}{M_B^3} - 3.28 \frac{\bar{\Lambda}\lambda_1}{M_B^3} + 10.47 \frac{\bar{\Lambda}\lambda_2}{M_B^3} - 6.153 \frac{\rho_1}{M_B^3} + 7.482 \frac{\rho_2}{M_B^3} - 7.4 \frac{T_1}{M_B^3} + 1.491 \frac{T_2}{M_B^3} - 10.41 \frac{T_3}{M_B^3} - 7.482 \frac{T_4}{M_B^3} + \mathcal{O}(1/M_B^4) \right] .$$

#### Ingredients:

- $\rightarrow$  B(B $\rightarrow$ X<sub>c</sub>Iv) = (10.8±0.3)% (CLEO)
- $\succ \tau_{B^0}$  and  $\tau_{B^{\pm}}$  (PDG),  $f_{+-}/f_{00}$  (CLEO)
- $\triangleright$  HQE parameters Λ,  $\lambda_1$ , from moments  $\langle E_{\gamma} \rangle$ : B $\rightarrow$ X<sub>s</sub> $\gamma$ ,  $\langle M_{\chi}^2 \rangle$ : B $\rightarrow$ XIv (CLEO)
- $\triangleright$  HQE parameter  $\lambda_2$ =0.128±0.010 from B\*-B mass difference
- $\Rightarrow$   $\Gamma_{SI} = (0.44 \pm 0.02) \times 10^{-10} \text{ MeV}$

#### Result:

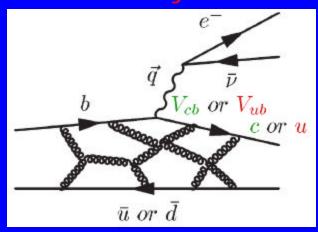
 $|V_{cb}| = 0.0411 \pm 0.0005_{exp \Lambda, \lambda 1} \pm 0.0007_{exp \Gamma} \pm 0.0009_{theory}$ verall precision: ~3% + quark-hadron duality.

# New and Improved Measurement of the Hadronic Mass Moments in B→X<sub>c</sub>Iv

hep-ex/0307081 contributed to Lepton-Photon 2003

- Compute recoiling hadronic mass from charged lepton and neutrino kinematics - neutrino "reconstruction"
- Near hermeticity of CLEO II ⇒
  Neutrino="What's missing"

#### **Preliminary**



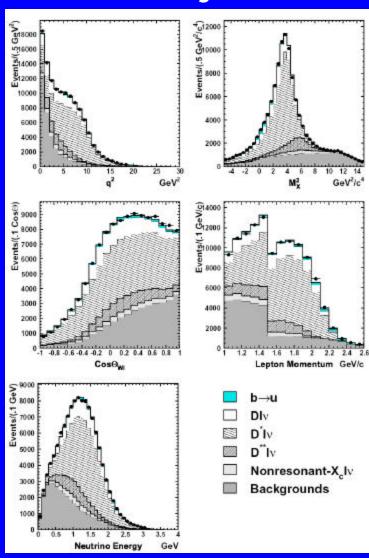
Fit 3-dimensional differential decay rate, extract hadronic mass squared as a function of lepton-energy cut  $(p_l > 1 \text{ GeV}/c)$ .

$$M_X^2 = M_B^2 + q^2 - 2E_{beam}(E_1 + E_n) + 2|\vec{p}_B||\vec{q}|\cos q_{Bq}$$

#### Selection criteria:

- Cuts to enhance v reconstruction
- Continuum suppression
- Efficiency ~2% for B→X<sub>c</sub>lv
- Sample to fit: 122K events
- Components of fit:
  - B→Dlv HQET+measured FFs
  - $B \rightarrow D^* lv^J$
  - $B \rightarrow D^* lv$  ISGW2
  - $B\rightarrow (X_c)_{NR} Iv$  Goity/Roberts
  - B→X<sub>u</sub>lv ISGW2+NR
  - Secondaries CLEO MC
  - Fake Leptons, Continuum fixed with data

### Fit Projections



### Results

Fits → Mode-by-Mode BFs

+

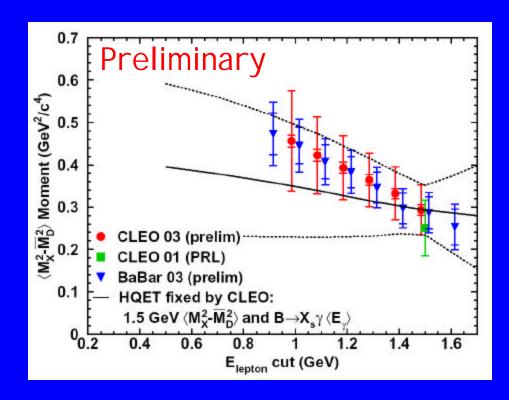
Generator-Level Info (Fraction above  $p_i$  cut, moment value for that cut.)



Moment Value for  $B \rightarrow X_c l v$ 

Cut (GeV)	$\langle M_X^2 - \overline{M}_D^2 \rangle \ ({ m GeV^2}/c^4)$
$E_{\ell} > 1.0$	$0.456 \pm 0.014 \pm 0.045 \pm 0.109$
$E_\ell > 1.1$	$0.422\pm0.014\pm0.031\pm0.084$
$E_\ell > 1.2$	$0.393\pm0.013\pm0.027\pm0.069$
$E_{\ell} > 1.3$	$0.364\pm0.013\pm0.030\pm0.054$
$E_{\ell} > 1.4$	$0.332\pm0.012\pm0.027\pm0.055$
$E_{\ell} > 1.5$	$0.293\pm0.012\pm0.033\pm0.048$

#### hep-ex/0307081



- Consistent with previous CLEO measurements, BaBar summer '03, DELPHI
- Interpretation is ongoing

stat ± syst ± model

## More CLEO Physics Results

- Rare B decays
  - $A_{CP}$  in B  $\rightarrow$  K\*+ $\pi$ -
  - $B \rightarrow \eta' X_s BF$
  - Upper Limit on Baryons in  $B \rightarrow X_s \gamma$
- Hadronic B Decays
  - B→D<sup>(\*)</sup>ρ helicity analysis (Final State Interactions)
- Upsilon Decays
  - $Y(3S) \rightarrow \omega Y(1S)$
  - Two-body Y(nS) decays
  - Searches for cc states

- Charmed Baryons
  - CPV in  $\Lambda_c \rightarrow \Lambda e \nu$
- Charm Decays
  - Branching fractions
  - Mixing and DCSD
  - Dalitz plot analyses
    - Hadronic structure
    - CPV via interference in Dalitz Plot  $D^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$
- D<sub>s</sub> spectroscopy
  - See talk by JC Wang

## Summary

- CLEO is still contributing to  $|V_{ub}|$  and  $|V_{cb}|$  measurements
  - V<sub>cb</sub> from inclusive B→X<sub>c</sub> I v
  - $|V_{ub}|$  from exclusive B→π/ρ/ω/η I ν
- See other CLEO talks by
  - David Asner on CLEO-c Prospects
  - J.C. Wang on the new D<sub>sJ</sub> states