

Mario: EWPO

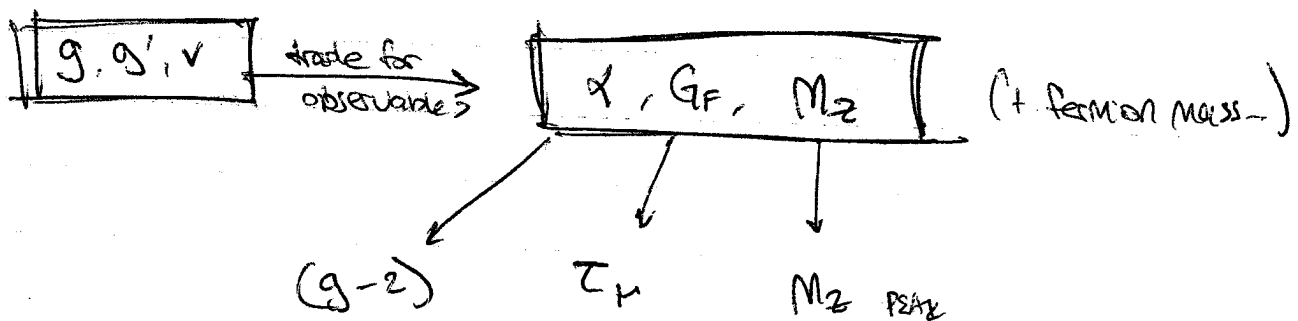
5 NOV 2012

Refs: 0706.0684 CH. 4 (BARBIERI)
CERN-TH 6659/92 (KEK)

SM: EW SECTOR - gauge + higgs
w/o HIGGS MASS, 3 PARAM: $[g, g', v]$

$$\mathcal{L}_{SM-EW} = \mathcal{L}_h + \frac{1}{2} \frac{v^2}{Z} \left[g^2 (W_{\mu\nu}^I)^2 + (-gW_{\mu\nu}^3 + g'B_{\mu\nu})^2 \right]$$

WANT TO DESCRIBE OBSERVABLES FROM THIS (NEGLECT FERMION COUPL.)



FROM THIS WE CAN COMPUTE:

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} M_W \\ \gamma \rightarrow ff \\ Z \rightarrow ff \\ W \rightarrow ff' \\ A_{LR}, FB, \dots \end{array} \right.$

WANT PREDICTIVE POWER OVER RADIATIVE CORRECTIONS,
PROBE HIGGS SECTOR, ? EVEN NP SECTOR?

THE KING EW PARAMETER

$$\rho = \frac{m_w^2}{m_z^2 c_w^2} = 1 \quad @ \text{ tree level}$$

from CUBICAL SYMMETRY

SM GAUGE: $SU(2)_L \times U(1)_Y$

BUT AS $g' \rightarrow 0$, \exists LARGER SYM: $SU(2)_L \times SU(2)_R$

HIGGS POTENTIAL: $H = (\underbrace{i\sigma_2 \phi^*}_{(2)}, \underbrace{\phi}_{(2)})$
 is invt under $T_{SU(2)}$ $(\phi^+, \nu+h)$

$$\text{then: } H \rightarrow e^{iW_L \frac{\sigma}{2}} H e^{-iW_R \frac{\sigma}{2}}$$

$$\text{b/c } V \sim \text{Tr}(H^\dagger H) + \lambda [\text{Tr}(H^\dagger H)]^2 \quad \checkmark$$

WHAT ABOUT KINETIC?

$$D_\mu H = \left(\partial_\mu H + \frac{ig}{2} W_\mu \cdot \sigma - \frac{ig'}{2} B_\mu \sigma_3 H \right)$$

NOT INVARIANT.

$$\langle h \rangle = v: \quad SU(2)_L \otimes SU(2)_R \rightarrow SU(2)_V \quad (W_i = W_{Ri})$$

W_i IS A TRIPLET UNDER $SU(2)_V \iff \rho=1$

$$m_Z^2 Z^2 = c_W^2 m_W^2 W_3^2 + \dots$$

$$\Rightarrow m_W/m_{W_3} = 1 \rightarrow m_W^2/m_Z^2 c_W^2 = 1$$

NOW TURN ON θ'

GIVE CORRECTIONS TO $\rho = m_W^2/m_Z^2$

↳ BUT CAN RESTORE $\rho = 1$ @ TREE LEVEL
BY DEFINING $\rho = m_W^2/m_Z^2 c_W^2$

EXERCISE : $Z_\mu = c_W W_\mu^3 - s_W B_\mu \leftrightarrow \rho = 1$

EXERCISE : WHAT IF YOU USE AN η PLT FOR EWSB?

ADDITIONAL CUSTODIAL BREAKING: $(y_t - y_b)$

MEASURE ρ @ PER MILE LEVEL

ρ IN GAUGELESS LIMIT

$$\mathcal{L} = i\bar{\psi}\not{\partial}\psi + |\Phi|^2 - V(\Phi) - \frac{y_t}{\Lambda} (\bar{\psi}_t \Phi Q_3 \ell^c + h.c.)$$

WHAT HAPPENS TO GOLDSTONE BOSONS? (π_i)

$$\mathcal{L}_{kin}(\pi) = \left| \partial_\mu \pi^+ - g \frac{v}{\Lambda^2} W^+ \right|^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left(\partial_\mu \pi^0 - \frac{g_W}{2c_W} Z_\mu \right)^2$$

\uparrow $Z_\mu^{(+)}$ \uparrow $Z_\mu^{(0)}$
 \uparrow Z_μ \uparrow Z_μ

↑
- NF REN.

then: $\rho = \frac{Z_2(\mu)}{Z_2(0)}$ @ ALL ORDERS

$\xi=0$ \uparrow ratio of wf ren of FERMION FIELDS

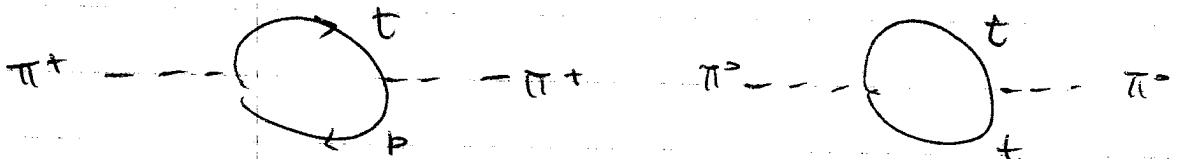
SO IN LANDAU GAUGE (CORRECT GAUGE FOR THIS CALC)

$$\rho = \delta Z_2^{(+)} \Big|_{\text{LANDAU}} - \delta Z_2^{(-)} \Big|_{\text{LANDAU}} + 1$$

SO @ 1-LOOP LEVEL: RENORMALIZE OBSERVABLES $(g-Z)$, Z_H , M_Z

note: finiteness since written in terms of ρ s.

WHAT IS EFFECT OF t ON ρ ?



$$= \frac{-g M_t}{2M_W} \gamma_5$$

Then:

$$\text{---} \bigcirc \text{---} = \Gamma(q^2) = g^2 A \text{ ---}$$

$$\Rightarrow b. \quad \delta Z_L \propto A$$

$$\text{---} \bigcirc \text{---} = 3 \frac{g^2 M_E^2}{4 M_W^2} \int \frac{d^4 k}{(2\pi)^4} \gamma_5 \frac{k + \cancel{q} M_E}{(k^2 - M_E^2)} \gamma_5 \frac{k + M_E}{k^2 - M_E^2}$$

$\underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{\sim k^2}$

TO ISOLATE A q^2 COEFFICIENT

$$\mathcal{P} = 1 + \frac{3g^2 M_E^2}{4M_W^2} \times \frac{1}{8\pi^2} = 1 + \frac{3 \times G_F M_E^2}{4\pi \sqrt{2}}$$

$$\frac{2G_F}{\sqrt{2}} M_E^2$$

$$\textcircled{x = 1/2}$$

Exercise:

DEPENDENCE ON M_E : 30%. EST. FOR M_E BETWEEN THE LHC.

Q: in principle also bottom loops
to give $(m_c - m_b)^2$ DEPENDENCE.

NEXT CORRECTIONS: from B ($g' \neq 0$)



ALSO, IN GEN: LOOPS w/ HIGGS INSIDE.
WHAT WOULD THESE GO LIKE?

$$\Delta P \sim M_H^2 \quad (\text{cf } P \sim M_c^2)$$

\Downarrow

$$\Rightarrow \Delta P \sim \Lambda$$

\uparrow BUT THIS IS CUSCODYALLY
INVARIANT.

$$B: \Delta P \sim \ln M_H/\Lambda \quad @ \text{ MOST,}$$

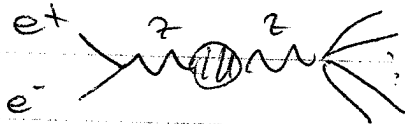
(ONE CAN SHOW THAT) IN GENERAL NP CONTRIBUTIONS
SHOW UP IN :

- VACUUM POLARIZATION
- TRIANGLES
- BOXES

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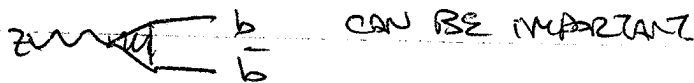
claim: these are most interesting

↳ LEP:



↑

BOXES DON'T HT.



CAN BE IMPORTANT

ALL STATES NOT IMPORTANT.

$$\mathcal{L} = -\frac{1}{2} W^3 \Pi^{33}(q^2) + \frac{1}{2} B \Pi^{33} B - W^3 \Pi^{30} B - W^{\dagger} \Pi^{WW}(q^2) W^{\dagger}$$

IF YOU ONLY CARE UP TO $\log M_u$,
 THEN ALL YOU NEED IS

$$\Pi(\phi^2) = \Pi(0) + \Pi'(0) \phi^2$$

SO NOW $\boxed{3}$ OBSERVABLES

δ_{MSS} →

FIX $\boxed{3}$ w/ g, g', v
 THEN $\boxed{2}$ COND. FROM WARD IDENTITIES
 LEFT w/ $\boxed{3}$ PARAMS.

Peter-Takeuchi
 UP TO
 PREFACTOR

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{S} &= (3/g') \Pi'_{30}(0) & &= \Sigma_3 - \Sigma_3^{SM} \\ \hat{Z} &= \Pi'_{33}(0) - \Pi'_{WW}(0) & &= \Sigma_1 - \Sigma_1^{SM} \\ \hat{T} &= \frac{\Pi_{33}(0) - \Pi_{WW}(0)}{M_W^2} \end{aligned}$$

ATLARELLI
 BARRIER

↑
 DIRECT MEAS
 OF CUSTODIAN
 BREAKING

NOTE: $\boxed{P^{-1} = \hat{T}}$ nice. ✓

then consider, eg.

$$\hat{S} \approx \frac{G_F M_W^2}{12\sqrt{2}\pi^2} \log M_H$$

AS WE SHOWED,
BIGGEST DEP. IS
 M_t^2 , $\log M_H$

this is okay after LEP,
we knew M_t^2 w/in 20%.
but not M_H^2 . (log)

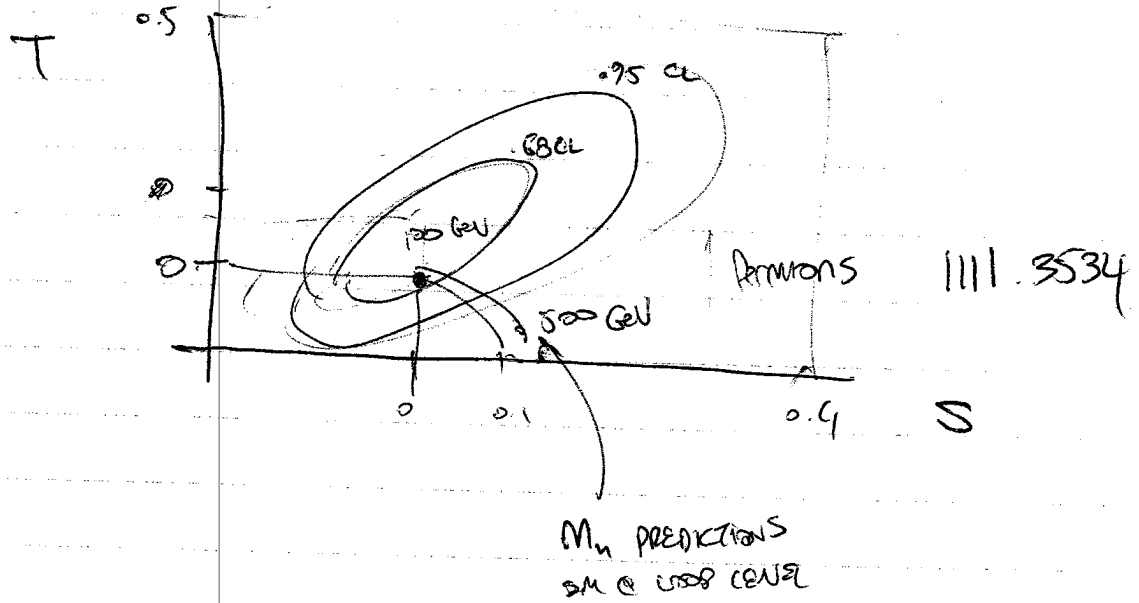
WHAT'S LEFT? SLD @ SLAC @ (10) OBSERVABLES

INPUT : $(\beta-2)$, T_F , M_Z \rightarrow CAN COMPARE SU
IF ALSO M_H \rightarrow CAN CALC TO HIGHER Q

IF NP IN BUOBS ~~AND~~
THEN LET $\hat{S}, \hat{T}, \hat{U}$ BE FREE PARAMS.

↳ see what value you get.
eg. ESTIMATING M_t

FAMOUS RESULT:



INCLUDING HIGES: \downarrow A PAPER

PROBLEMATIC:

$$Z \rightarrow t\bar{b} \quad (g_b)$$

(g_L & g_R DON'T AGREE, $Z \rightarrow$ ONE IS SM-LIKE, ONE IS DIFF)